88	(8) If Subsection $(7)(d)(v)(A)$ or (B) is met and a $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{stay-at-home}}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ parent
88a	Ĥ→ [<u>applies for</u>] <u>receives</u> ←Ĥ
89	assistance under Title 35A, Chapter 3, Employment Support Program, Ĥ→ or the child becomes
89a	subject to the care and custody of the state, ←Ĥ income may be
90	Ĥ→ [automatically] ←Ĥ imputed at the federal minimum wage for a 40-hour work week to
90a	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{that}}] \ \underline{\mathbf{either}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}} \ \underline{\mathbf{parent.}} \ \underline{\mathbf{A}}$
91	payor parent's alimony obligation may not be reduced by $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{the}}] \underline{\mathbf{this}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}} \underline{\mathbf{montation}}$
92	[(8)] (9) (a) Gross income may not include the earnings of a minor child who is the
93	subject of a child support award nor benefits to a minor child in the child's own right such as
94	Supplemental Security Income.
95	(b) Social Security benefits received by a child due to the earnings of a parent shall be
96	credited as child support to the parent upon whose earning record it is based, by crediting the
97	amount against the potential obligation of that parent. Other unearned income of a child may
98	be considered as income to a parent depending upon the circumstances of each case.